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State Labor

SUMMARY

Employment Security Commission
of North Carolina,
Labor Market Information Division

January 1989

State Labor Summary:
North Carolina

January 1989

Labor Market Information Division
Employment Security Commission of North Carolina
700 Wade Avenue
Post Office Box 25903
Raleigh, North Carolina 27611-5903
Telephone: (919) 733-2936

Joe Richardson, Project Manager

Ray Partin, Editor

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State Labor Summary: North Carolina

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HIGHLIGHTS

North Carolina's unemployment rate after seasonal adjustments was 3.9 in January, an increase of 0.2 percent from the prior month's rate of 3.5. For the nation, the adjusted unemployment rate was 5.4 for January . The national rate was 5.3 in December. From a year ago, the state's rate was down from 4.5 percent.

The civilian labor force for North Carolina reached 3,435,000 in January for a monthly increase of 6,400 from the December estimate of 3,371,000. From January 1988, the civilian labor force reflected an increase of 128,000.

Employment, seasonally adjusted for January, moved down to 3,302,000 from 3,254,000 in December for a decline of 48,000 workers. The number employed in January 1989 was 144,000 greater than in January 1988, for an increase of about 4.4 percent. The number of persons unemployed was 16,000 more in January (133,000) than in December (117,000). From January a year ago, the unemployed estimate was down by 16,000. The January 1988 unemployed numbered 149,000.

In January, North Carolina's seasonally adjusted industry employment was 3,018,000, an increase of 15,900 from the prior month's estimate of 3,002,000. An over-the-month gain of 200 occurred in manufacturing, while employment in nonmanufacturing increased by 15,700 workers. In manufacturing, the largest employment gain was recorded in the cigarette industry (6,700). Employment gains in nonmanufacturing were largest in the government (+9,800) followed by trade (+1,900) industries.

A total of 100,700 employees were added to industry payrolls from January 1988-January 1989. Manufacturing employment increased by 1,800, as employment in nonmanufacturing was increasing by 98,900. The manufacturing gain was in durable goods (+6,800). Gains of 400 workers occurred in the fabricated metal products, and 3,300 in machinery, exc. electrical. Most nondurable goods industries posted modest changes for an overall decline from September 1988.

In January 1989, 9,1800 individuals were placed in jobs through the Employment Security Commission. Nearly one-half (4,226) of the individuals was placed in manufacturing industries. More than 1,958 persons founds jobs in the service industry, while 1,846 individuals were placed in the trade industry. By occupational category, 1,630 individuals were employed in packaging and material handling; 1,571 in bench work; 1,756 in services, except domestic; and 1,163 in machine trades.

Production workers in manufacturing earned $8.30 an hour in January. The average hours worked were 40.6, and average weekly earnings amounted to $336.98. There was an increase of $0 .22 an hour in average hourly earnings from January 1988 . Workers in cigarette manufacturing had the highest hourly pay at $17.35. In nonmanufacturing, workers in communications and public utilities averaged $12.54 an hour during January 1989.

The number of production workers in North Carolina declined from 685,000 in December to 683,600 in January (-1,400). Most major industry divisions registered small losses as durable goods actually gained 900 productions workers, and nondurable goods experienced a decline of 1,500. From January a year ago, manufacturing gained 1,000 production workers. The largest gain was reported in the transportation equipment industry, +1,300.

Table 1

Employment Status of the North Carolina Civilian Population

January 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: August 1988 through January 1989					
	Jan. 1988	Aug. 1988	Sep. 1988	Oct. 1988	Nov. 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,864	4,894	4,934	4,943	4,951	4,959	4,967
Civilian Labor Force	3,307	3,339	3,358	3,387	3,386	3,371	3,435
Participation Rate[1]	68.0	68.2	68.1	68.5	68.4	68.0	69.2
Employed	3,158	3,236	3,237	3,254	3,266	3,254	3,302
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	64.9	66.1	65.6	65.8	66.0	65.6	66.5
Unemployed	149	103	121	133	120	117	133
Unemployment Rate	4.5	3.1	3.6	3.9	3.5	3.5	3.9
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]							

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: November 1988 through January 1989		
	Jan. 1988	Nov. 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,864	4,912	4,959	4,967
Civilian Labor Force	3,255	3,378	3,358	3,381
Participation Rate[1]	66.9	68.8	67.7	68.1
Employed	3,089	3,221	3,247	3,231
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	63.5	65.6	65.5	65.0
Unemployed	166	123	111	150
Unemployment Rate	5.1	3.6	3.3	4.4
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.4	1.1	1.4	2.3

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Table 2

Employment Status of the United States Civilian Population

January 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: August 1988 through January 1989					
	Jan. 1988	Aug. 1988	Sep. 1988	Oct. 1988	Nov. 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	183,822	184,830	184,962	185,114	185,244	185,402	185,644
Civilian Labor Force	121,035	122,000	121,984	122,091	122,510	122,563	123,428
Participation Rate[1]	65.8	66.0	66.0	66.0	66.1	66.1	66.5
Employed	114,055	115,203	115,370	115,573	115,947	116,009	116,711
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	62.0	62.3	62.4	62.4	62.6	62.6	62.9
Unemployed	6,980	6,797	6,614	6,518	6,563	6,554	6,716
Unemployment Rate	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.4
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.1

Not Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: November 1988 through January 1989		
	Jan. 1988	Nov. 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	183,822	185,244	185,402	185,644
Civilian Labor Force	119,742	122,639	122,120	122,095
Participation Rate[1]	65.1	66.2	65.9	65.8
Employed	112,139	116,314	115,978	114,786
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	61.0	62.8	62.6	61.8
Unemployed	7,603	6,325	61.4	7,309
Unemployment Rate	6.3	5.2	6.0	5.8
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.9	1.8	2.2	2.6

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Figure 1

A Comparison of Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1988-January 1989

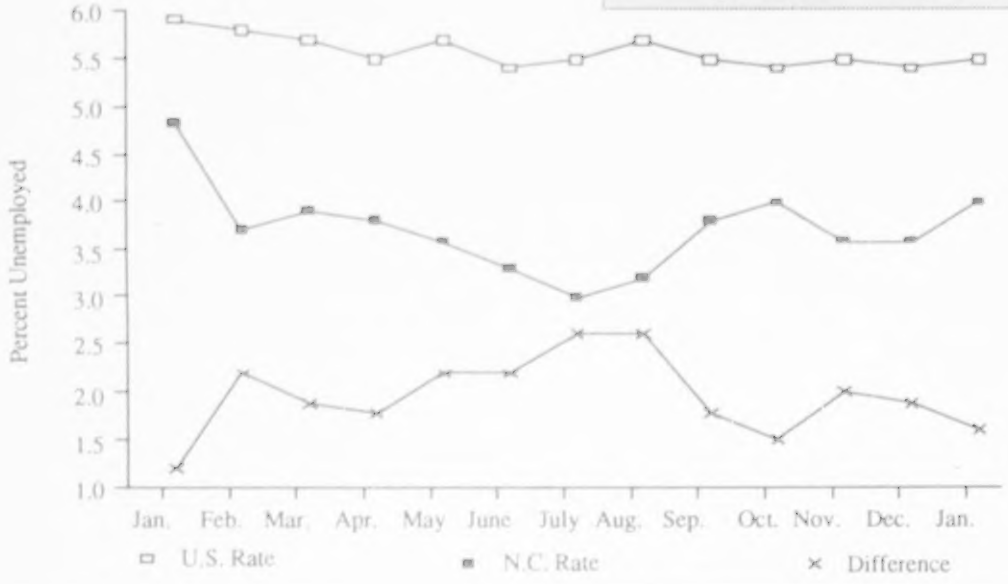

Figure 2

North Carolina Unemployment Rates (Adjusted and Unadjusted)

January 1988-January 1989

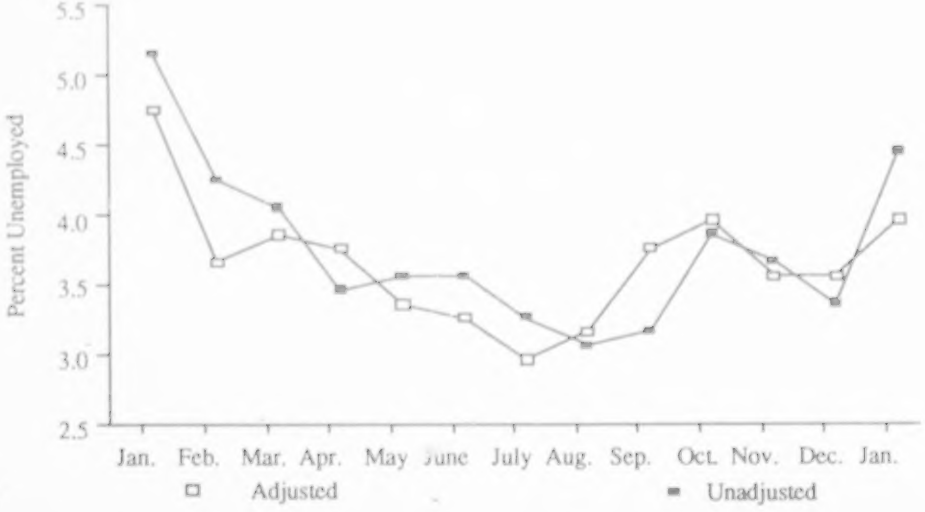

Table 3

Industry Employment in North Carolina

January 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[2] 1988	Jan. 1988	Dec. 1988 Net	Dec. 1988 Percent	Jan. 1988 Net	Jan. 1988 Percent
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,381.3	3,358.0	3,255.3	+ 23.3	+ 1.7	+ 126.0	+ 3.9
Unemployment, Total	150.4	110.7	166.1	+ 39.7	+ 35.9	- 15.7	- 9.5
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	4.4	3.3	5.1	+ 1.1	xxx	- 0.7	xxx
Employment, Total	3,230.9	3,247.3	3,089.2	- 16.4	- 0.5	+ 141.7	+ 4.6
(Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force	3,435.0	3,371.0	3,307.0	+ 64.0	+ 1.9	+ 128.0	+ 3.9
Unemployment, Total	133.0	117.0	149.0	+ 16.0	+ 13.7	- 16.0	- 10.7
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.9	3.5	4.5	+ 0.4	xxx	- 0.6	xxx
Employment, Total	3,302.0	3,254.0	3,158.0	+ 48.0	+ 1.5	+ 144.0	+ 4.6
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,018.0	3,002.1	2,917.3	+ 15.9	+ 0.5	+ 100.7	+ 3.5
Manufacturing	870.5	870.7	869.1	+ 0.2	*	+ 1.8	+ 0.2
Durable Goods	357.6	355.6	350.8	+ 2.0	+ 0.6	+ 6.8	+ 1.9
Lumber & Wood Products	37.0	36.7	37.2	+ 0.3	+ 0.8	- 0.2	- 0.3
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.5	12.3	12.6	+ 0.2	+ 1.6	- 0.1	- 0.8
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.3	9.3	9.4	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 1.1
Wood Bldgs. & Mobile Homes	4.6	4.5	4.6	+ 0.1	+ 2.2	0.0	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	88.3	88.0	92.4	+ 0.3	+ 0.3	- 4.1	- 4.4
Household Furniture	78.5	78.2	82.1	+ 0.3	+ 0.4	- 3.6	- 4.4
Wood Household Furniture	40.1	40.2	41.1	- 0.1	- 0.2	- 0.1	- 2.4
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.6	32.6	34.7	0.0	0.0	- 2.1	- 6.1

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
*Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

January 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From			
				Dec. 1988		Jan. 1988	
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[2] 1988	Jan. 1988	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Stone, Clay & Glass	21.6	21.3	20.5	+ 0.3	+ 1.4	+ 1.1	+ 5.4
Structural Clay Products	2.9	2.7	2.9	+ 0.2	+ 7.4	0.0	0.0
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Prods.	5.9	5.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Products	12.9	12.8	11.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.8	+ 1.0	+ 8.4
Fabricated Metal Products	31.2	31.0	27.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.6	+ 4.0	+ 14.7
Fab. Struct. Metal Products	10.2	10.2	8.5	0.0	0.0	+ 1.7	+ 20.0
Machinery, exc. Electrical	61.6	61.0	58.5	+ 0.8	+ 1.3	+ 3.3	+ 5.6
Special Industry Machinery	7.9	8.0	8.1	- 0.1	- 1.3	- 0.2	- 2.5
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	58.5	58.6	59.7	- 0.1	- 0.2	- 1.2	- 2.0
Household Appliances	5.7	5.8	4.7	- 0.1	- 1.7	+ 1.0	+ 21.3
Transportation Equipment	27.6	27.4	26.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.7	+ 1.6	+ 6.2
Other Durable Goods[4]	18.7	18.8	17.4	- 0.1	- 0.5	+ 1.3	+ 7.5
Nondurable Goods	513.3	515.1	518.3	- 1.8	- 0.3	- 5.0	- 1.0
Food & Kindred Products	51.7	51.6	50.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.8	+ 1.6
Meat Products	23.6	23.5	24.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	0.0	0.0
Meat Packing Products	2.4	2.5	2.5	- 0.1	- 4.0	- 0.1	- 4.0
Dairy Products	2.9	2.8	3.2	+ 0.1	+ 3.6	- 0.3	- 9.4
Grain Mill Products	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bakery Products	8.3	8.5	8.3	- 0.2	- 2.4	0.0	0.0
Beverages	6.8	6.7	5.9	+ 0.1	+ 1.5	+ 0.9	+ 15.3
Tobacco Manufacturers	24.6	25.1	24.4	- 0.5	- 2.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.8
Cigarettes	18.5	11.8	18.5	+ 6.7	+ 56.8	0.0	0.0
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	5.6	6.3	5.3	- 0.7	- 11.1	+ 0.3	+ 5.7
Textile Mill Products	219.4	219.8	222.7	- 0.4	- 0.2	- 3.3	- 1.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.6	53.9	51.4	- 0.3	- 0.6	+ 2.2	+ 4.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	24.1	24.3	26.4	- 0.2	- 0.8	- 2.3	- 8.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	28.3	28.0	24.5	+ 0.3	+ 1.1	+ 3.8	+ 15.5

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Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

January 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From			
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[2] 1988	Jan. 1988	Dec. 1988 Net	Dec. 1988 Percent	Jan. 1988 Net	Jan. 1988 Percent
Knitting Mills	82.9	83.9	84.1	- 1.0	- 1.2	- 1.2	- 1.4
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	23.3	23.0	25.1	+ 0.3	+ 1.3	- 1.8	- 7.2
Hosiery, NEC	22.5	22.6	22.5	- 0.1	- 0.4	0.0	0.0
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	15.7	15.9	16.2	- 0.2	- 1.3	- 0.5	- 3.1
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.2	6.4	6.6	- 0.2	- 3.1	- 0.4	- 6.1
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	15.7	15.5	15.0	+ 0.2	+ 1.3	+ 0.7	+ 4.7
Yarn & Thread Mills	51.8	51.6	55.8	+ 0.2	+ 0.4	- 4.0	- 7.2
Apparel & Other Textile Products	86.1	86.9	90.7	- 0.8	- 0.9	- 4.6	- 5.1
Men's & Boy's Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.1	30.6	29.7	- 0.5	- 0.1	+ 0.4	+ 1.3
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	35.4	35.7	31.3	- 0.5	- 1.6	- 1.2	- 3.8
Paper & Allied Products	21.9	22.0	22.0	- 0.1	- 0.5	- 0.1	- 0.5
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	10.2	10.0	10.4	+ 0.2	+ 2.0	- 0.2	- 1.9
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	8.1	8.1	7.9	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 2.5
Printing & Publishing	30.0	29.7	28.9	+ 0.3	+ 1.0	+ 1.1	+ 3.8
Newspapers	10.7	10.7	10.5	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 1.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	41.5	41.4	40.4	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 1.1	+ 2.7
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.6	13.6	13.0	0.0	0.0	+ 0.6	+ 4.6
Rubber & Misccellaneous Plastics Products	33.7	34.1	33.9	- 0.4	- 1.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.6
Other Nondurable Goods[5]	4.4	4.5	4.4	- 0.1	- 2.2	0.0	0.0
Nonmanufacturing	2,147.1	2,131.4	2,048.2	+ 15.7	+ 0.7	+ 98.9	+ 4.8
Mining	5.1	5.0	4.9	+ 0.1	+ 2.0	+ 0.2	+ 4.1
Construction	165.5	169.7	160.1	- 4.2	- 2.5	+ 5.4	+ 3.4
Transportation	149.5	148.5	145.1	+ 1.0	+ 0.7	+ 4.4	+ 3.0
Transportation, exc. Railroad	88.9	88.1	84.3	+ 0.8	+ 0.9	+ 4.6	+ 5.5
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	57.1	56.7	57.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.7	0.0	0.0

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*Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

January 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Jan. 1989[1]	Dec.[2] 1988	Jan. 1988	Change From: Dec. 1988 Net	Dec. 1988 Percent	Jan. 1988 Net	Jan. 1988 Percent
Wholesale and Retail Trade	697.5	690.8	660.3	+ 6.7	+ 1.0	+ 37.2	+ 5.6
Wholesale Trade	164.5	163.7	158.6	+ 0.8	+ 0.5	+ 5.9	+ 3.7
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	98.3	98.3	95.8	0.0	0.0	+ 2.5	+ 2.6
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	66.2	65.4	62.8	+ 0.8	+ 1.2	+ 3.4	+ 5.4
Retail Trade	533.0	527.1	501.7	+ 5.9	+ 1.1	+ 31.3	+ 6.2
General Merchandise Stores	74.8	71.6	68.9	+ 3.2	+ 4.5	+ 5.9	+ 8.6
Food Stores	87.4	87.7	78.0	- 0.3	- 0.3	+ 9.4	+ 12.1
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	131.6	132.2	130.7	- 0.6	- 0.5	+ 0.9	+ 0.7
Service & Miscellaneous[6]	540.3	530.5	502.5	+ 9.8	+ 1.8	+ 37.8	+ 7.5
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	29.2	28.7	28.4	+ 0.5	+ 1.7	+ 0.8	+ 2.8
Personal Services	32.0	31.1	31.0	+ 0.9	+ 2.9	+ 1.0	+ 3.2
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	13.9	14.0	13.8	- 0.1	- 0.7	+ 0.1	+ 0.7
Total Government	457.6	454.7	444.6	+ 2.9	+ 0.6	+ 13.0	+ 2.9
Federal	54.5	53.8	53.9	+ 0.7	+ 1.3	+ 0.6	+ 1.1
State	130.9	131.5	128.6	- 0.6	- 0.5	+ 2.3	+ 1.8
Education	68.5	68.9	66.3	- 0.4	- 0.6	+ 2.2	+ 3.3
Other	62.4	62.6	62.3	- 0.2	- 0.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.2
Local	272.2	269.4	262.1	+ 2.8	+ 1.0	+ 10.1	+ 3.9
Education	140.1	139.4	136.3	+ 0.7	+ 0.5	+ 3.8	+ 2.8
Other	132.1	130.0	125.8	+ 2.1	+ 1.6	+ 6.3	+ 5.0
All Other Nonag. Employment[7]	276.4	270.3	252.5	+ 6.1	+ 2.3	+ 23.9	+ 9.5
Agriculture	33.1	40.3	35.1	- 7.2	- 17.0	- 2.0	- 5.7

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[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
[8]Less than .05 percent.

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure 3

Composition of Nonagricultural Employment in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1989

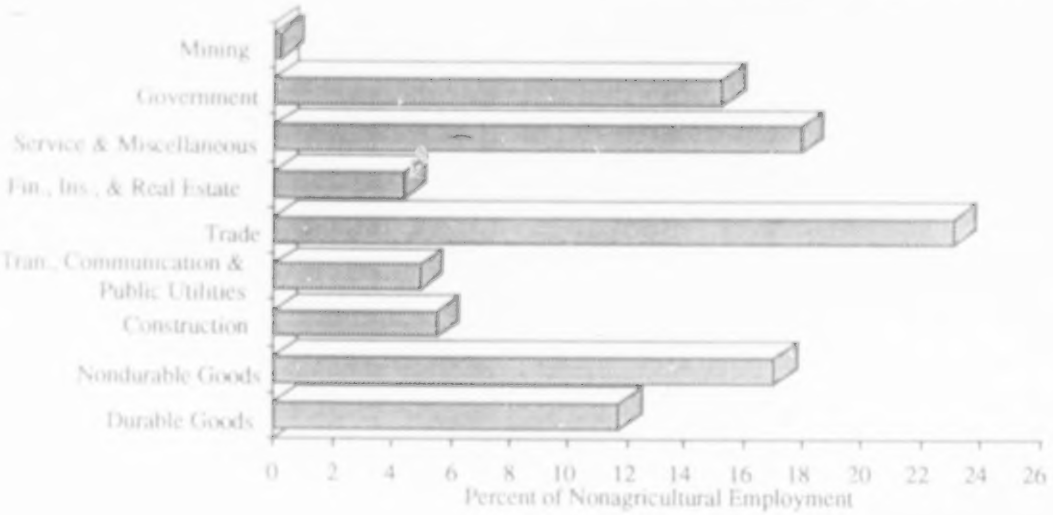


Figure 4

Employment Levels in Major Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1989

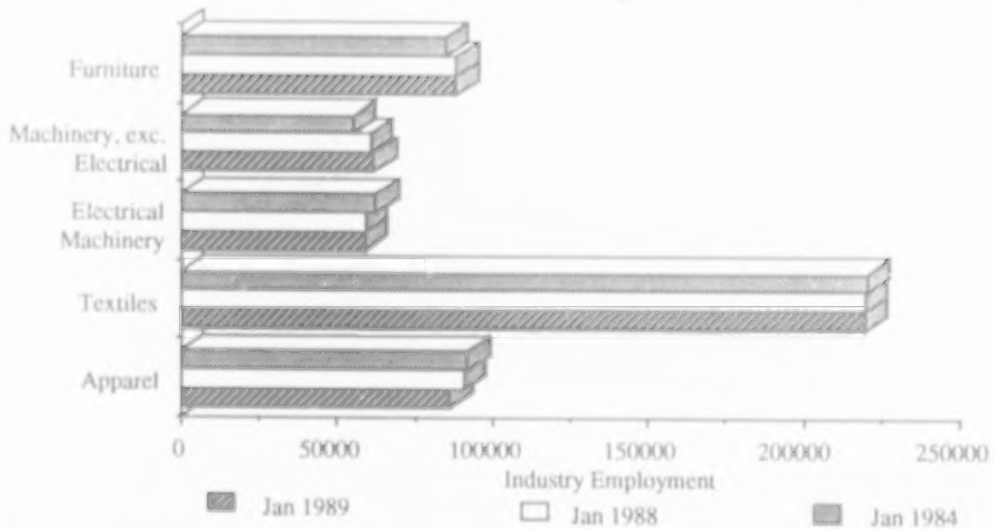


Table 4

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions January 1989[1]

Occupational Categories and Divisions	Total Individuals Placed[2]	Total Individuals Placed In Regular Jobs[2,3]	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery	Mining	Construction
Total	9,178	9,016	239	9	856
Professional, Technical & Managerial Occupations	316	313	0	1	2
Clerical Occupations	1,317	1,291	2	0	33
Sales Occupations	296	296	0	0	3
Domestic Service Occupations	65	51	0	0	0
Other Service Occupations	1,756	1,677	2	1	8
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery & Related Occupations	305	273	220	0	19
Processing Occupations	606	583	9	4	6
Machine Trade Occupations	1,163	1,159	5	1	25
Benchwork Occupations	1,571	1,571	4	0	10
Structural Work Occupations	1,058	1,041	2	1	725
Motor Freight & Transportation Occupations	252	241	3	0	20
Packaging & Materials Handling Occupations	1,630	1,543	4	1	18
Miscellaneous Occupations	52	51	0	0	1

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1988 to June 30, 1989.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Table 4
(Continued)

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions January 1989[1]

Manufacturing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade	Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	Services	Public Administration	Goverment
4,226	404	1,846	117	1,958	327	534
49	12	9	6	133	76	130
176	92	498	88	349	96	158
14	23	218	3	33	2	2
2	0	0	0	49	1	3
67	22	711	13	804	95	160
13	1	20	2	9	6	11
479	0	62	0	26	0	0
1,001	6	48	0	70	6	6
1,373	0	37	0	173	0	0
181	20	34	3	93	26	38
30	84	70	1	24	17	20
1,035	144	150	1	251	2	6
31	2	0	1	121	7	8

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1988 to June 30, 1989.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Figure 5

A Comparison of Insured Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1988-January 1989

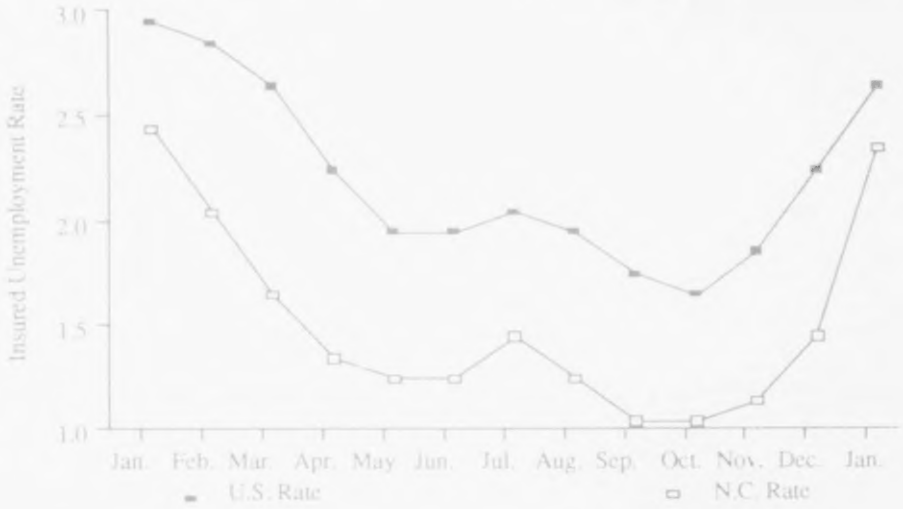
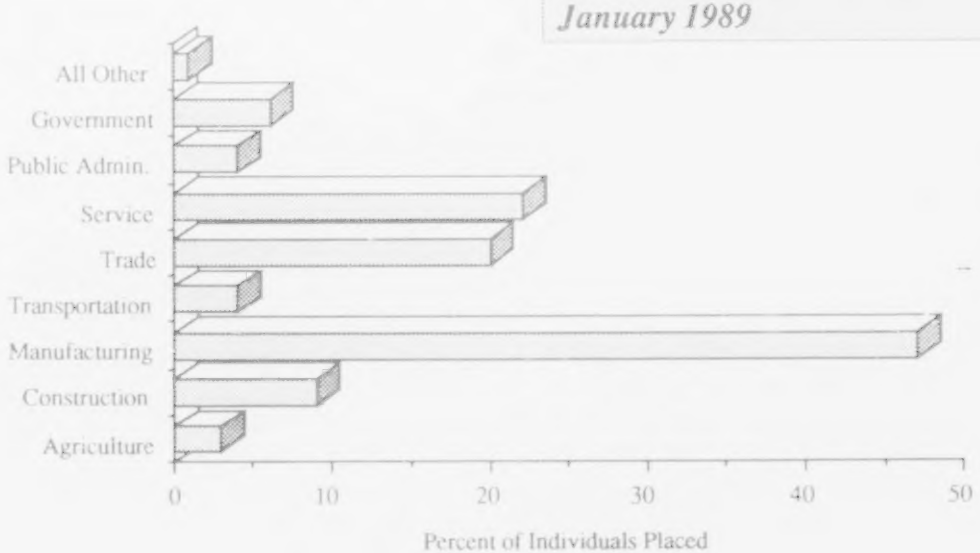


Figure 6

Individuals Placed in Jobs through the Employment Security Commission by Major Industrial Category

January 1989



Appendix

Table I — *Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina*

Table II — *Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-Supervisory Workers in North Carolina*

Figure I — *Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina*

Figure II — *Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Compared to the North Carolina Average*

Table III — *Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina*

Table I

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[2] 1988	Jan. 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1988
Total Nonagricultural Employment	2,984.9	3,030.8	2,884.5	- 1.5	+ 3.5
Manufacturing	868.8	870.8	862.8	- 0.2	- 0.7
Durable Goods	356.5	356.4	350.6	0.0	+ 1.7
Lumber & Wood Products	36.4	36.5	35.9	- 0.3	+ 1.4
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.2	12.1	12.1	+ 0.8	+ 0.8
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.1	9.2	9.3	- 1.1	- 2.2
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	4.5	4.5	4.2	0.0	+ 7.1
Furniture & Fixtures	88.9	88.5	90.7	+ 0.5	- 2.0
Household Furniture	79.0	78.7	80.4	+ 0.4	- 1.7
Wood Household Furniture	40.3	40.4	40.9	- 0.2	- 1.5
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.8	32.7	33.3	+ 0.3	- 1.5
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	21.2	21.3	20.6	- 0.5	+ 2.9
Structural Clay Products	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Products	5.8	5.9	5.6	- 1.7	+ 3.6
Primary Metal Industries	12.8	12.7	12.0	+ 0.8	+ 6.7
Fabricated Metal Industries	31.0	31.1	30.0	- 0.3	+ 3.3
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	9.9	10.0	9.4	- 1.0	+ 5.3
Machinery, except Electrical	61.6	61.4	58.5	+ 0.3	+ 5.3
Special Industry Machinery	8.0	8.0	7.9	0.0	+ 5.9
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	58.5	58.6	58.8	- 0.2	- 0.5
Household Appliances	5.6	6.0	4.9	- 6.7	+ 14.3
Transportation Equipment	27.5	27.5	26.3	0.0	+ 4.6
Other Durable Goods[3]	18.6	18.8	17.8	- 1.1	+ 4.5
Nondurable Goods	512.3	514.4	512.2	- 0.4	*
Food & Kindred Products	50.7	51.5	50.5	- 1.6	+ 2.4
Meat Products	23.3	23.8	24.0	- 2.1	- 0.7
Meat Packing Plants	2.4	2.5	2.3	- 4.0	+ 4.3
Dairy Products	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	- 3.4
Grain Mill Products	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	- 3.6
Bakery Products	8.4	8.5	8.0	- 2.4	+ 3.8
Beverages	6.6	6.7	6.6	- 1.5	0.0

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment Jan. 1989	Dec.[2] 1988	Jan. 1988	Percent Change From: Dec. 1988	Jan. 1988
Tobacco Manufacturers	24.6	25.4	24.2	- 3.1	+ 1.7
Cigarettes	18.5	18.5	18.6	0.0	- 0.5
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	5.6	6.4	5.1	- 12.5	+ 9.8
Textile Mill Products	219.4	219.4	223.2	0.0	- 1.7
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.6	53.8	54.9	- 0.4	- 2.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	24.1	24.4	27.8	- 1.2	- 13.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	28.3	28.2	26.2	+ 0.4	+ 8.0
Knitting Mills	82.9	82.7	83.4	+ 0.2	- 0.6
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	23.3	22.9	24.3	+ 1.7	- 4.1
Hosiery, NEC	22.5	22.4	22.0	+ 0.4	+ 2.3
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	15.7	15.7	15.8	0.0	- 0.6
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.2	6.3	6.2	- 1.6	0.0
Textile Finishing, except Wool	15.7	15.7	15.4	0.0	+ 1.9
Yarn & Thread Mills	51.8	51.8	51.8	0.0	- 4.4
Apparel & Other Textile Products	86.1	86.8	86.7	- 0.8	- 0.7
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.1	30.4	29.7	- 1.0	+ 1.3
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	35.4	35.7	37.0	- 0.8	- 4.3
Paper & Allied Products	21.9	22.0	21.7	- 0.5	+ 0.9
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	10.2	10.1	10.2	+ 1.0	0.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	8.1	8.1	7.9	- 1.2	+ 2.5
Printing & Publishing	30.0	29.8	29.1	+ 0.7	+ 3.1
Newspapers	10.7	10.7	10.1	0.0	+ 5.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	41.5	41.1	40.0	+ 1.0	+ 3.8
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.6	13.5	13.1	+ 0.7	+ 3.8
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	33.7	33.9	32.7	- 0.6	+ 3.1
Other Nondurable Goods[4]	4.4	4.5	4.1	- 2.2	+ 7.3

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

January 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[2] 1988	Jan. 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1988
Nonmanufacturing	2,116.1	2,160.0	2,120.7	+ 2.0	+ 4.7
Mining	5.0	5.0	4.6	0.0	+ 8.7
Construction	157.6	167.8	147.8	- 6.1	+ 6.6
Transportation & Public Utilities	147.3	149.7	141.8	- 1.6	+ 3.9
Transportation, except Railroad	86.9	89.3	81.6	- 2.7	+ 6.5
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.7	56.7	56.4	0.0	+ 0.5
Wholesale & Retail Trade	686.6	705.4	654.2	- 2.7	+ 5.0
Wholesale Trade	162.1	163.0	153.1	- 0.6	+ 5.9
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	97.7	98.3	92.8	- 0.6	+ 5.3
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	64.4	64.7	60.3	- 0.5	+ 6.8
Retail Trade	524.5	542.4	501.1	- 3.3	+ 4.7
General Merchandise Stores	75.7	81.9	71.6	- 7.6	+ 5.7
Food Stores	87.1	88.1	81.4	- 1.1	+ 7.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	130.3	131.4	126.9	- 0.8	+ 2.7
Service & Miscellaneous[5]	526.8	532.1	494.6	- 1.0	+ 6.5
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	25.6	26.6	25.3	- 3.8	+ 1.2
Personal Services	32.5	31.0	30.0	+ 4.8	+ 8.3
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	13.9	14.1	13.1	- 1.4	+ 6.1
Health Services	135.4	135.2	127.2	+ 0.1	+ 6.4
Hospitals	55.4	55.1	50.5	+ 0.5	+ 9.7
Legal Services	13.1	13.0	12.5	+ 0.8	+ 4.8
Educational Services	32.4	34.1	32.2	- 5.0	- 0.6
Total Government	462.5	468.6	451.8	- 1.3	+ 2.4
Federal	54.0	54.2	55.0	- 0.4	- 1.8
State	130.3	136.4	127.9	- 4.5	+ 1.9
Education	68.8	74.6	66.6	- 7.8	+ 3.3
Other	61.5	61.8	61.3	- 0.5	+ 3.0
Local	278.2	278.0	268.9	+ 0.1	+ 3.5
Education	148.5	148.9	146.1	- 0.3	+ 0.6
Other	129.7	129.1	122.8	+ 0.5	+ 5.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

January 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[3] 1988	Jan.[3] 1988	Jan. 1989	Dec.[3] 1988	Jan.[3] 1988	Jan. 19889	Dec.[3] 1988	Jan.[3] 1988
Manufacturing	$336.98	$340.72	$327.24	40.6	41.1	40.5	$8.30	$829	$8.08
Durable Goods	355.14	360.32	338.18	41.2	41.8	40.5	8.62	8.62	8.35
Lumber & Wood Products	305.45	308.90	270.84	41.0	41.8	38.2	7.45	7.39	7.09
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	302.74	309.44	280.80	40.8	42.1	40.0	7.42	7.35	7.02
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	326.65	312.82	273.48	41.4	39.9	34.4	7.89	7.84	7.95
Furniture & Fixtures	294.53	306.40	282.65	38.5	40.0	38.3	7.65	7.66	7.38
Household Furniture	294.52	304.80	280.36	38.6	40.0	38.3	7.63	7.62	7.32
Wood Household Furniture	284.01	292.33	270.66	39.5	41.0	39.0	7.19	7.13	6.94
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	370.24	382.72	344.65	40.2	41.6	38.9	9.21	9.20	8.86
Structural Clay Products	281.55	311.04	298.82	36.9	40.5	40.6	7.63	7.68	7.36
Primary Metal Industries	430.32	438.86	394.70	44.0	44.6	41.2	9.78	9.84	9.58
Fabricated Metal Industries	383.24	398.41	377.47	42.3	43.4	42.7	9.06	9.18	8.84
Machinery, exc. Electrical	410.57	415.53	382.53	44.1	44.3	42.9	9.31	9.38	8.91
Special Industry Machinery	392.21	401.36	356.93	43.1	44.3	41.6	9.10	9.06	8.58
Electrical Machinery	396.48	397.74	391.67	42.0	42.0	41.8	9.44	9.47	9.37
Household Appliances	283.32	266.34	259.99	41.3	39.4	37.9	6.86	6.76	6.86
Transportation Equipment	416.98	400.01	410.85	43.8	42.6	45.0	9.52	9.39	9.13
Nondurable Goods	324.82	327.64	320.36	40.2	40.6	40.5	8.08	8.07	7.91
Food & Kindred Products	296.61	308.90	293.34	40.3	42.2	41.2	7.36	7.32	7.12
Meat Products	255.52	277.35	242.81	39.8	43.0	40.2	6.42	6.45	6.04
Meat Packing Products	372.82	413.17	370.92	45.3	49.6	45.4	8.23	8.33	8.17

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

January 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[3] 1988	Jan.[3] 1988	Jan. 1989	Dec[3] 1988	Jan[3] 1988	Jan. 1989	Dec.[3] 1988	Jan.[3] 1988
Dairy Products	321.32	318.86	295.94	42.9	42.8	41.8	7.49	7.45	7.08
Grain Mill Products	338.30	366.30	358.05	42.5	45.5	44.7	7.96	8.05	8.01
Bakery Products	339.98	341.78	343.48	43.2	43.1	43.7	7.87	7.93	7.86
Beverages	500.12	487.18	508.37	38.5	38.3	39.5	12.99	12.72	12.87
Tobacco Manufacturers	535.09	560.17	588.24	36.7	39.2	39.8	14.58	14.29	14.78
Cigarettes	648.89	695.77	720.37	37.4	39.6	42.6	17.35	17.57	16.91
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	217.98	227.08	182.36	34.6	38.1	30.7	6.30	5.96	5.94
Textile Mill Products	296.87	294.44	294.35	40.5	40.5	41.4	7.33	7.27	7.11
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	316.41	316.41	333.32	38.6	39.9	42.3	8.13	7.93	7.88
Weaving Mills, Cotton	276.69	296.35	322.38	34.5	37.8	40.5	8.02	7.84	7.96
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	341.11	332.80	345.64	41.7	41.6	44.2	8.18	8.00	7.82
Knitting Mills	276.00	270.86	263.07	40.0	39.6	39.5	6.90	6.84	6.66
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	251.94	251.84	242.45	39.0	39.6	37.3	6.46	6.41	6.50
Hosiery, NEC	263.61	232.85	259.20	39.7	36.1	40.5	6.64	6.45	6.40
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	319.88	327.42	302.40	42.2	42.8	42.0	7.58	7.65	7.20
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	349.89	359.07	335.07	44.8	45.8	45.9	7.81	7.84	7.30
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	333.52	320.97	298.45	44.0	42.4	41.8	7.58	7.57	7.14
Yarn & Thread Mills	297.32	294.88	297.46	41.7	41.3	42.8	7.13	7.14	6.95
Apparel & Other Textile Products	220.41	219.26	202.72	38.2	38.4	36.2	5.77	5.71	5.60
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	225.20	220.75	206.92	38.3	37.8	35.8	5.88	5.84	5.78
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	204.40	199.39	190.37	37.3	37.2	36.4	5.48	5.36	5.23

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS..

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

January 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[3] 1988	Jan.[3] 1988	Jan. 1989	Dec.[3] 1988	Jan.[3] 1988	Jan. 1989	Dec.[3] 1988	Jan.[3] 1988
Paper & Allied Products	512.55	528.64	521.61	44.3	44.8	45.2	11.57	11.80	11.54
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	673.51	717.91	682.18	45.6	46.8	46.0	14.77	15.34	14.83
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	405.04	400.20	409.92	43.6	43.5	44.8	9.29	9.20	9.15
Printing & Publishing	372.27	384.80	353.08	38.9	40.0	38.8	9.57	9.62	9.10
Newspapers	288.43	298.49	289.90	31.8	33.5	32.5	9.07	8.91	8.92
Chemicals & Allied Products	471.98	472.18	475.66	43.5	43.2	43.4	10.85	10.93	10.96
Plastics & Synthetics	503.62	516.10	552.48	44.1	44.3	46.9	11.42	11.65	11.78
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	417.36	429.84	407.79	41.2	42.1	41.4	10.13	10.21	9.85
Mining	430.12	450.60	345.23	46.6	48.4	39.5	9.23	9.31	8.74
Comm. & Elec., Gas & Sanitary Services	544.24	544.94	525.34	43.4	43.7	42.4	12.54	12.47	12.39
Wholesale & Retail Trade	209.61	215.71	201.00	31.1	32.1	30.5	6.74	6.72	6.59
Wholesale Trade	338.34	340.17	323.38	38.8	39.1	38.0	8.72	8.70	8.51
Retail Trade	174.00	181.80	166.99	29.0	30.2	28.4	6.00	6.02	5.88
General Merchandise Stores	158.39	187.87	148.68	26.8	30.4	25.2	5.91	6.18	5.90
Food Stores	182.67	187.71	186.62	29.8	30.1	31.0	6.13	6.07	6.02
Services, Hotels & Other Lodging Places	140.90	148.84	138.39	27.9	28.9	28.3	5.05	5.15	4.89
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	212.40	217.20	190.84	35.4	36.2	32.4	6.00	6.00	5.89

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure I

Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina

January 1989

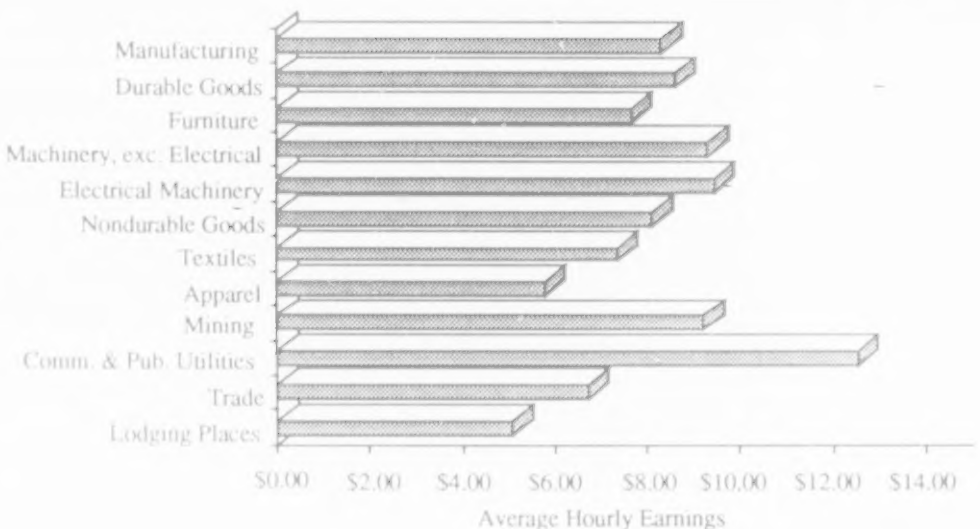


Figure II

Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Industries Compared to the North Carolina Average

January 1989

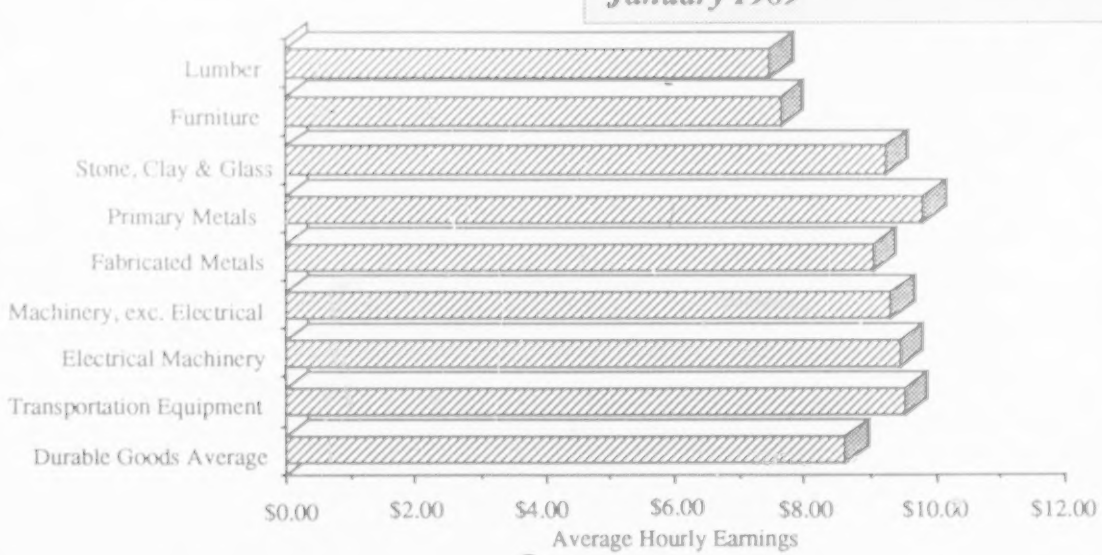


Table III

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

January 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[2] 1988	Jan. 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1988
Manufacturing	683.6	685.0	682.6	- 0.2	+ 0.1
Durable Goods	266.5	266.4	263.7	0.0	+ 1.1
Lumber & Wood Products	30.5	30.4	30.4	+ 0.3	+ 0.3
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	7.7	7.7	8.0	0.0	- 3.8
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	3.7	3.7	3.4	0.0	+ 8.8
Furniture & Fixtures	77.6	77.3	79.2	+ 0.4	- 2.0
Household Furniture	69.4	69.1	70.7	+ 0.4	- 1.8
Wood Household Furniture	36.5	36.6	37.0	- 0.3	- 1.4
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	16.7	16.9	16.5	- 1.2	+ 1.2
Structural Clay Products	2.0	2.1	2.1	- 4.8	- 4.8
Primary Metal Industries	9.7	9.6	9.0	+ 1.0	+ 7.8
Fabricated Metal Industries	23.0	23.0	22.4	0.0	+ 2.5
Machinery, except Electrical	30.9	30.9	29.7	0.0	+ 4.0
Special Industry Machinery	5.3	5.3	5.4	0.0	- 1.9
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	41.7	41.9	41.9	- 0.5	- 0.5
Household Appliances	4.9	5.2	4.2	- 5.8	+ 16.7
Transportation Equipment	22.5	22.5	21.2	0.0	+ 6.1
Other Durable Goods[3]	13.9	13.9	13.4	0.0	+ 3.7
Nondurable Goods	417.1	418.6	418.9	- 0.4	- 0.4
Food & Kindred Products	36.0	36.5	36.4	- 1.4	- 1.1
Meat Products	20.4	20.8	21.3	- 1.9	- 4.2
Meat Packing Plants	1.8	1.8	1.7	0.0	+ 5.9
Dairy Products	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Grain Mill Products	1.9	1.8	2.0	+ 5.6	- 5.0
Bakery Products	4.7	4.9	4.6	- 4.1	+ 2.2

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table III

(Continued)

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

January 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Jan. 1989	Dec.[2] 1988	Jan. 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1988
Beverages	2.7	2.7	2.6	0.0	+ 3.8
Tobacco Manufacturers	18.7	19.5	18.7	- 4.1	0.0
Cigarettes	13.6	13.7	14.0	- 0.7	- 2.9
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	4.7	5.4	4.3	- 13.0	+ 9.3
Textile Mill Products	193.9	193.9	197.4	0.0	- 1.8
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	47.9	48.1	48.9	- 0.4	- 2.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	21.4	21.7	24.6	- 1.4	- 13.0
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	25.5	25.4	23.6	+ 0.4	+ 8.1
Knitting Mills	73.5	73.3	73.8	+ 0.3	- 0.4
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	20.7	20.3	21.4	+ 2.0	- 3.3
Hosiery, NEC	20.4	20.3	19.9	+ 0.5	+ 2.5
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	13.7	13.7	13.7	0.0	0.0
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.3	5.4	5.4	- 1.9	- 1.9
Textile Finishing, except Wool	13.2	13.1	13.0	+ 0.8	+ 1.5
Yarn & Thread Mills	46.7	46.8	49.1	- 0.2	- 4.9
Apparel & Other Textile Products	74.8	75.4	75.4	- 0.8	- 0.8
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	26.1	26.4	25.4	- 1.1	+ 2.8
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	30.7	30.9	32.3	- 0.6	- 5.0
Paper & Allied Products	16.6	16.5	16.2	+ 0.4	+ 2.5
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	7.2	7.1	7.2	+ 1.4	0.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	6.3	6.3	6.0	0.0	+ 5.0
Printing & Publishing	18.6	18.4	18.4	+ 1.1	+ 1.1
Newspapers	4.2	4.2	4.0	0.0	+ 5.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	27.1	26.9	26.0	+ 0.7	+ 4.2
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	9.8	9.7	9.4	+ 1.0	+ 4.3
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	27.6	27.7	26.9	- 0.4	+ 2.6
Other Nondurable Goods[3]	3.8	3.8	3.5	0.0	+ 8.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.